# Interim Financial Statements Chhimek Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Limited

Unaudited Condensed Statement of Financial Position As on Quarter ended 29 Poush, 2080

Amount (NPR)

		Amount (NPK)
Particulars	This Quarter Ending	Immediate Previous Year Ending
Assets		Ziidiig
Cash and Cash Equivalent	8,798,767,777.85	7,725,529,241.95
Statutory Balances and due from Nepal Rastra Bank	831,416,670.00	956,486,670.00
Placement with Bank & Financial Institutions	<del>-</del>	-
Derivative Financial Instruments	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Other Trading Assets	<u>-</u>	_
Loan and advances to MFIs & Cooperatives	-	_
Loans and Advances to Customers	31,876,102,003.97	32,247,519,343.09
Investment Securities	662,680,000.00	532,341,071.97
Current Tax Assets	58,785,603.71	92,145,147.25
Investment Property	-	-
Property and Equipment	285,394,458.00	295,660,064.15
Goodwill and Intangible Assets	3,733,620.15	3,442,080.15
Deferred Tax Assets	19,233,697.34	19,233,697.34
Other Assets	693,135,744.19	859,684,962.25
Total Assets	43,229,249,575.21	42,732,042,278.14
Liabilities		
Due to Bank and Financial Institutions	-	-
Due to Nepal Rastra Bank	-	-
Derivative Financial Instruments	-	-
Deposits from Customers	31,889,677,821.41	30,716,613,283.88
Borrowings	3,515,047,866.63	4,553,898,524.62
Current Tax Liabilities	-	-
Provisions	36,447,636.49	37,281,807.71
Deferred Tax Liabilities	-	-
Other Liabilities	895,286,360.88	677,381,957.13
Debt Securities Issued	-	-
Subordinated Liabilities	-	-
Total Liabilities	36,336,459,685.41	35,985,175,573.34
Equity		
Share Capital	2,977,172,100.00	2,835,402,000.00
Share Premium	40,967,834.00	40,967,834.00
Retained Earnings	1,289,322,699.28	1,374,377,304.27
Reserves	2,585,327,256.52	2,496,119,566.53
Total Equity	6,892,789,889.80	6,746,866,704.80
Total Liabilities and Equity	43,229,249,575.21	42,732,042,278.14

# Chhimek Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Limited Unaudited Condensed Statement of Profit & Loss For the Quarter ended 29 Poush, 2080

Amount (NPR)

Particulars	Curren	t Year	Previous Year Corresponding		
	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter	
Interest Income	1,406,103,090.72	2,916,131,383.36	1,395,507,701.64	2,824,074,777.21	
Interest Expense	749,766,338.19	1,531,383,896.20	699,204,524.34	1,387,782,649.80	
Net Interest Income	656,336,752.53	1,384,747,487.16	696,303,177.30	1,436,292,127.41	
Fee and Commission Income	64,139,682.00	128,307,098.00	93,756,209.00	196,146,423.00	
Fee and Commission Expense	567,596.45	693,577.45	12,787.69	36,090.69	
Net Fee and Commission Income	63,572,085.55	127,613,520.55	93,743,421.31	196,110,332.31	
Net Interest, Fees and Commission Income	719,908,838.08	1,512,361,007.71	790,046,598.61	1,632,402,459.72	
Net Trading Income	-	-	-	-	
Other Operating Income	-	-	-	-	
<b>Total Operating Income</b>	719,908,838.08	1,512,361,007.71	790,046,598.61	1,632,402,459.72	
Impairment Charge/(reversal) for Loans and Other Losses	132,474,977.00	240,836,630.79	178,087,115.12	202,987,720.98	
Net operating income	587,433,861.08	1,271,524,376.92	611,959,483.49	1,429,414,738.74	
Operating Expense					
Personnel Expenses	240,735,712.58	561,683,129.89	230,598,486.32	536,254,860.15	
Other Operating Expenses	38,576,143.20	77,149,079.78	40,755,000.00	76,854,394.07	
Depreciation & Amortization	9,613,347.52	18,806,478.30	9,683,546.02	18,423,824.22	
Operating Profit	298,508,657.78	613,885,688.95	330,922,451.15	797,881,660.30	
Non-Operating Income	8,727,191.85	11,654,325.33	5,994,383.65	9,190,153.24	
Non-Operating Expense	-	2,361,085.69	-	-	
Profit before Income Tax	307,235,849.63	623,178,928.59	336,916,834.80	807,071,813.54	
Income Tax Expense					
Current Tax	92,170,754.89	186,953,678.58	109,943,099.05	250,989,592.67	
Deferred Tax	-	-			
Profit for the Period	215,065,094.74	436,225,250.01	226,973,735.75	556,082,220.87	

## **Statement of Comprehesive Income**

Particulars	Current Year		Previous Year Corresponding		
	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter	
Profit or loss for the Period	215,065,094.74	436,225,250.01	226,973,735.75	556,082,220.87	
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	
a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	-	-	
<ul> <li>-Gains/(losses) from investments in equity instruments</li> </ul>					
measured at fair value	-	-	-	-	
-Gain/(loss) on revaluation	-	-	-	-	
-Actuarial gain/loss on defined benefit plans	-	-	-	-	
-Income tax relating to above items	-	-	•	-	
Net other compressive income that will not be					
reclassified to profit or loss			-	-	
b) Items that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	-	-	
-Gains/(losses) on cash flow hedge	-	-	-	-	
-Exchange gains/(losses) (arising from translating financial					
assets of foreign operation)	-	-	-	-	
-Income tax relating to above items	-	-	-	-	
Net other compressive income that are or may be					
reclassified to profit or loss					
c) Share of other comprehensive income of associate					
accounted as per equity method	-	-	,	-	
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of					
income tax		-		-	
Total Comprehensive Income for the period	215,065,094.74	436,225,250.01	226,973,735.75	556,082,220.87	
Earnings per share					
Basic earnings per share		29.30		47.85	
Annualized Basic Earnings Per Share		29.30		47.85	
Diluted earnings per share		29.30		47.85	

## Ratios as per NRB Directive

Particulars	Cu	Current Year		ious Year esponding
	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter
Capital Fund to RWA		17.86%		17.22%
Non-performing loan (NPL) to total loan		2.95%		0.94%
Total Loan Loss Provision to Total NPL		395.15%		266.60%
Cost of Funds		8.85%		8.90%
Credit to Deposit and Borrowing Ratio		93.41%		100.55%
Base Rate		11.38%		11.56%
Interest Rate Spread		5.78%		6.03%

## **Statement of Distributable Profit or Loss**

For the Quarter ended 29 Poush, 2080 (As per NRB Regulation)

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year Corresponding
	Upto this Qtr	Upto this Qtr
Net Profit or (Loss) as per statement of profit or loss	436,225,250.01	556,082,220.87
Appropriations:		
a. General Reserve	87,245,050.00	111,216,444.17
b. Foreign exchange fluctuation fund	-	-
c. Capital redemption reserve	-	-
d. Corporate social responsibility fund	4,362,252.50	5,560,822.21
e. Employee's training fund	-	-
f. Other	4,362,252.50	5,560,822.21
Profit or (Loss) before regulatory adjustment	340,255,695.01	433,744,132.28
Regulatory Adjustment:		
a.Interest receivable (-) / previous accrued interest received (+)	-	-
b. Short loan loss provision in accounts (-)/ reversal (+)	-	-
c. Short provision for possible losses on investment (-)/ reversal (+)	-	-
d. Short loan loss provision on Non Banking Assets (-)/ reversal (+)	-	-
e. Deferred tax assets recognised (-)/ reversal (+)	-	-
f. Goodwill recognised (-)/ impairment of Goodwill (+)	-	-
g. Bargain purchase gain recognised (-)/ reversal (+)	-	-
h. Actuarial loss recognised (-)/reversal (+)	-	-
i. Other	-	-
Net Profit for the Quarter end Poush 29, 2080 available for distribution	340,255,695.01	433,744,132.28
Opening Retained Earning as on Shrawn 1, 2080	1,374,377,304.27	1,206,401,946.17
Adjustment (+/-)		-
<u>Distribution</u>		
Bonus share issued	141,770,100.00	-
Cash Dividend Paid	283,540,200.00	-
Total Distributable profit or (loss) as on Quarter end date	1,289,322,699.28	1,640,146,078.45
Annualised Distributable Profit/Loss per share	43.31	57.85

#### Notes

- 1. Above financial statements are prepared in accordance with Nepal Financial Reporting Standards(NFRS) and certain Carve-outs issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal (ICAN). These figures may vary at the instances of statutory auditors and regulators.
- 2. The detailed interim financial report has been published in the website (www.chhimekbank.org).
- 3. Loans and Advances are presented net of impairment charges and includes staff loans.
- 4. Actuarial Valuation will be done for Employee Benefits.
- 5. Personnel Expenses also include employee's bonus provision.
- 6. Previous period figures are regrouped/rearranged/restated wherever necessary for consistent presentation and comparison.
- 7. Immediate Previous Year Ending of Financial Position are Audited figures.

#### Chhimek Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Limited Statement of Changes in Equity For the Quarter ended 29 Poush, 2080

											Amount (NPR.)
				At	tributable to Equity-Holder	s of the Inst	itution				
Particulars	Share	Share Premium	General	Exchange Equalisation Reserve	Reserve	Fair Value Reserve	Revaluation Reserve	Retained	Other Reserve	Total	Total Equity
Balance as Shrawan 1st, 2079	2,324,100,000.00	40,967,834.00	1,389,289,314.10	-	176,955,013.22			1,206,401,946.17	675,894,104.92	5,813,608,212.41	5,813,608,212.41
Comprehensive Income for the Year											
Profit for the Year								1,025,003,195.93		1,025,003,195.93	1,025,003,195.93
Other Comprehensive Income, Net of Tax											
Gains/(Losses) from Investment in Equity Instruments measured at Fair Value										-	
Gains/(Losses) on Revaluation										-	
Actuarial Gains/(Losses) on Defined Benefit Plans										-	
Gains/(Losses) on Cash-flow Hedge											
Exchange Gains/(Losses)(arising from translating Financial Assets of Foreign Operation	1)										
Total Comprehensive Income for the year					-	-		1,025,003,195.93		1,025,003,195.93	1,025,003,195.93
Transfer to Reserves during the Year			205,000,639.19		41,588,937.15			(273,122,964.83)	54,451,212.69	27,917,824.21	27,917,824.21
Transfer from Reserves during the Year								3,162,787.00	(47,059,654.74)	(43,896,867.74)	(43,896,867.74)
Transactions with Owners, directly recognized in Equity										-	
Share Issued										-	
Share Based Payments										-	
Dividend to Equity-Holders										-	
Bonus Shares Issued	511,302,000.00							(511,302,000.00)			
Cash Dividend Paid								(75,765,660.00)		(75,765,660.00)	(75,765,660.00)
Other											
Total Contributions by and Distributions	511,302,000.00		205,000,639.19		41,588,937.15			(857,027,837.83)	7,391,557.95	(91,744,703.53)	(91,744,703.53)
Balance at 31 Ashadh, 2080	2,835,402,000.00	40,967,834.00	1,594,289,953.29		218,543,950.37			1,374,377,304.27	683,285,662.88	6,746,866,704.81	6,746,866,704.81
Balance as Shrawan 1st, 2080	2,835,402,000.00	40,967,834.00	1,594,289,953.29		218,543,950.37			1,374,377,304.27	683,285,662.88	6,746,866,704.81	6,746,866,704.81
Adjustment											
Balance as Shrawan 1st, 2080 after adjustment	2,835,402,000.00	40,967,834.00	1,594,289,953.29		218,543,950.37			1,374,377,304.27	683,285,662.88	6,746,866,704.81	6,746,866,704.81
Comprehensive Income for the Year											
Profit for the Year								436,225,250.01		436,225,250.01	436,225,250.01
Other Comprehensive Income, Net of Tax											
Gains/(Losses) from Investment in Equity Instruments measured at Fair Value											
Gains/(Losses) on Revaluation											
Actuarial Gains/(Losses) on Defined Benefit Plans											
Gains/(Losses) on Cash-flow Hedge											
Exchange Gains/(Losses)(arising from translating Financial Assets of Foreign Operation											
Total Comprehensive Income for the year								436,225,250.01		436,225,250.01	436,225,250.01
Transfer to Reserves during the Year			87,245,050.00	l				(95,969,555.00)	1,962,639.98	(6,761,865.02)	(6,761,865.02
Transfer from Reserves during the Year	l									-	
Transactions with Owners, directly recognized in Equity				l				1		-	
Share Issued				l				1		-	
Share Based Payments								1		-	
Dividend to Equity-Holders	l									-	
Bonus Shares Issued	141,770,100.00							(141,770,100.00)		-	
Cash Dividend Paid				l				(283,540,200.00)		(283,540,200.00)	(283,540,200.00)
Other											
Total Contributions by and Distributions	141,770,100.00		87,245,050.00					(521,279,855.00)	1,962,639.98	(290,302,065.02)	(290,302,065.02
Balance at Ashwin End, 2080	2,977,172,100.00	40,967,834.00	1,681,535,003.29		218,543,950.37			1,289,322,699.28	685,248,302.86	6,892,789,889.80	6,892,789,889.80

## Chhimek Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Limited Condensed Statement of Cash Flows

As on Quarter ended 29 Poush, 2080

Amount (NPR)

		Amount (NPK)
Particulars	Upto This Quarter	Corresponding Previous Upto this Quarter
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received	2,916,131,383.36	2,824,074,777.21
Fees and other income received	128,307,098.00	196,303,952.28
Divided received	-	-
Receipts from other operating activities	11,654,325.33	60,648,354.08
Interest paid	(1,531,383,896.20)	(1,387,782,649.80)
Commission and fees paid	(693,577.45)	(36,090.69)
Cash payment to employees	(561,683,129.89)	(535,904,525.15)
Other expense paid	(320,346,796.26)	(331,808,180.17)
Operating cash flows before changes in operating assets and liabilities	641,985,406.89	825,495,637.76
(Increase)/Decrease in operating assets	696,396,100.72	(1,177,368,161.05)
Due from Nepal Rastra Bank	125,070,000.00	9,528,000.00
Placement with bank and financial institutions		-
Other trading assets		-
Loan and advances to bank and financial institutions		-
Loans and advances to customers	371,417,339.12	(871,708,853.76)
Other assets	199,908,761.60	(315,187,307.29)
Increase/(Decrease) in operating liabilities	351,284,112.07	3,017,687,213.88
Due to bank and financial institutions	-	-
Due to Nepal Rastra Bank	-	-
Deposit from customers	1,173,064,537.53	2,542,703,394.08
Borrowings	(1,038,850,657.99)	(128,256,455.61)
Other liabilities	217,070,232.53	603,240,275.41
Net cash flow from operating activities before tax paid	1,689,665,619.68	2,665,814,690.59
Income taxes paid	(186,953,678.58)	(250,989,592.67)
Net cash flow from operating activities	1,502,711,941.10	2,414,825,097.92
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of investment securities	(130,338,928.03)	(123,528,000.00)
Receipts from sale of investment securities	-	-
Purchase of property and equipment	(8,540,872.15)	(46,724,482.32)
Receipt from the sale of property and equipment	-	-
Purchase of intangible assets	(291,540.00)	(182,260.00)
Receipt from the sale of intangible assets	- 1	<u>-</u>
Purchase of investment properties	-	-
Receipt from the sale of investment properties	-	-
Interest received	-	-
Dividend received	-	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(139,171,340.18)	(170,434,742.32)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	,	·
Receipt from issue of debt securities	_	-
Repayment of debt securities	_	-
Receipt from issue of subordinated liabilities	_	-
Repayment of subordinated liabilities	_	-
Receipt from issue of shares	_	-
Dividends paid	(425,310,300.00)	-
Interest paid		-
Other receipt/payment	135,008,234.99	-
Net cash from financing activities	(290,302,065.01)	-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,073,238,535.90	2,244,390,355.61
Beginnning Cash and cash equivalents	7,725,529,241.95	3,505,371,295.43
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents held	-	- , , ,
Closing Cash and cash equivalents	8,798,767,777.85	5,749,761,651.04
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## Chhimek Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Limited

## Notes to the Interim Financial Statement

For the Quarter ended 29 Poush, 2080

#### 1 Reporting Entity

Chhimek Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Limited ('the Microfinance') is domiciled and incorporated in Nepal under then Development Bank Act, 2052 on 28<sup>th</sup> Bhadra, 2058 from Nepal Rastra Bank. The microfinance is operating as a D Class licensed financial institution as per Bank and Financial Institution Act, 2063. The Microfinance is a limited liability company having its shares listed on Nepal Stock Exchange with trading code "CBBL" after issuing its shares to the general public on Fiscal Year 2061/62. The microfinance has been promoted by Neighborhood Society Service Center (NSSC), Himalayan Bank Limited, Bank of Kathmandu Limited, Nabil Bank Limited and several reputed persons. Initially the microfinance was operating from its Registered Office at Hetauda, which was later transferred to Kathmandu Metropolitan city-31, New Baneshwor, Kathmandu.

## 2 Basis of Preparation

#### 2.1 Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements of the entity which comprises components presented above have been prepared in compliance with Nepal Financial Reporting Standards and Nepal Accounting Standards (hereafter referred as NFRS), laid down by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal and in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2063.

The disclosure made in the condensed interim financial informations have been based on the formats prescribed by Nepal Rastra Bank.

The Interim Financial Statement don't include all of the information required for a complete set of NFRS financial statements. However selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the microfinance's financial position and performance since the last published annual financial statements.

#### 2.2 Reporting Period

The Microfinance follows the Nepalese financial year based on the Nepalese calendar:

- 1. For Statement of Financial Position :- Poush 29, 2080
- 2. For Statement of Profit & Loss: Shrawan 1, 2080 to Poush 29, 2080
- 3. For Statement of Cash Flows :- Shrawan 1, 2080 to Poush 29, 2080

#### 2.3 Functional and Presentation Currency

The Financial Statements of the Microfinance are presented in Nepalese Rupees, which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates. There was no change in microfinance's presentation and functional currency during the year under review.

## 2.4 New Standards issued but not yet effective

Management has issued its assumptions and understandings for the preparation of financial statements under compliance with NFRS, however, certain interpretations might vary regarding the recognition, measurement and other related provisions where the standards are not specific and not clear.

## 3 Use of Estimates and Judgements

The Microfinance, in order to comply with the financial reporting standards has made accounting judgements as having potentially material impact on the financial statement. Those judgements and their impact on the financial statement have been described herein. The management believes that the estimates used in the preparation of the financial statement are prudent and reasonable. Actual results may differ from the estimates. Any revision to the accounting estimate is recognized prospectively in the current and future period.

## 4 Changes in Accounting Policies

The Microfinance applies its accounting policies consistently from year to year except where deviations have been explicitly mandated by the applicable accounting standards.

## 5 Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied by the Bank in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented unless stated otherwise.

## 5.1 Basis of Measurement

The Financial Statements of Entity have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the following material items in the Statement of Financial Position:

- Financial assets, held for trading are recorded in the statement of financial position at fair value and the changes in the value have been routed through profit or loss statement,
- Available for sale investments (quoted) are measured at fair value,
- Liabilities for defined benefit obligations and staff loans provided at subsidized interest rates as per Employee Bylaws of the Bank are recognized at the present value of the defined benefit obligation less the fair value of the plan assets.

## 5.2 Cash and Cash Equivalents

The cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, balances with banks and financial institutions, money at call and short notice and highly liquid financial assets with original maturity of three months or less from the acquisition date that are subject to and insignificant risk of changes in their fair values and are used by the microfinance in the management of its short-term commitments.

Cash and Cash equivalents includes cash in hands, deposits with BFIs and other short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### 5.3 Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

#### Recognition

The Microfinance recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognizes changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from that date.

## Classification and Measurement

#### 5.3.1 Financial Assets

Financial Assets are classified mainly under amortized cost, fair value through profit or loss and fair value through OCI. Financial Liabilities are classified at amortized cost or fair value through profit or loss.

## a. Measured at Amortized Cost

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate ('EIR') method less impairment, if any. The amortization of EIR and loss arising from impairment, if any is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

## b. Measured at Fair Valur through OCI

Assets are categorized under this category if the business model is to obtain the contractual cash flow from the assets but the contractual cash flow isn't solely repayment of principal and interest.

Equity Instrument which are not held for trading and initially recognized as held for trading for which the Microfinance makes an irrevocable election to carry the changes in fair value of the instrument through OCI are measured at Fair Value through other Comprehensive Income.

## e. Measured at Fair Value through Profit & Loss

The Microfinance classifies the financials assets as fair value through profit or loss if they are held for trading or designated at fair value through profit or loss

Any other financial asset not classified as either amortized cost or FVOCI, is classified as FVTPL.

#### 5.3.2 Financial Liabilities

#### a. Measured at Fair Value through Profit & Loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Upon initial recognition, transaction cost i.e. directly attributable to the acquisition are recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss as incurred. Subsequent changes in fair value are recognized at profit or loss.

#### b. Measured at Amortized Cost

All financial liabilities other than measured at fair value though profit or loss are classified as subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest method.

#### Derecognition

The Microfinance derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the asset.

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

## **Determination of Fair Value**

The fair value of a financial instrument is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The Microfinance follows three levels of the fair-value-hierarchy as described below:

Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets;

Level 2: Significant inputs to the fair value measurement are directly or indirectly observable or valuations of quoted for similar instrument in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instrument in inactive markets; and

Level 3: Significant inputs to the fair value measurement are unobservable.

Investment in Unquoted Equity Instrument are carried at cost as the market price of such shares could not be ascertained with certainty at the reporting date.

## 5.4 Impairment

The Microfinance reviews its individually significant loans and advances at each reporting date to assess whether an impairment loss should be provided in the Statement of Profit or Loss. The Management's judgement is extensively used in the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows when determining the impairment loss. These estimates are based on assumptions about a number of factors and hence actual results may differ, resulting in future changes to the provisions made.

The individual impairment provision applies to financial assets evaluated individually for impairment and is based on Management's best estimate of the present value of the future cash flows that are expected to be received. In estimating these cash flows, Management makes judgements about the number of factors including a borrower's financial situation and the net realizable value of any underlying collateral. Each impaired asset is assessed on its merits to estimate the recoverable amount of cash flows. A collective impairment provision is established for:

- groups of homogeneous loans and advances and investment securities which are held-to-maturity, that are not considered individually significant; and
- groups of assets that are individually significant but that were not found to be individually impaired.

The collective impairment is carried using the statistical modelling such as historical trends of probability of defaults, timings of recoveries, and current economic and market conditions which may warrant for the loss being greater than the suggested by the historical trends.

For the purpose of collective assessment of impairment, Microfinance has categorized assets into following broad products as follows:

- Collateral Loan
- Discipline Loan
- Normal Loan
- Entrepreneurship Development Loan

## Carveout adopted for assessment of impairment charge

The Microfinance has opted to apply carveout on impairment of loans and receivables. Accordingly, individual and collective impairment loss amount calculated as per NFRS is compared with the impairment provision required under NRB directive no. 2, higher of the amount derived from these measures is taken as impairment loss for loans and receivables.

## 5.5 Property, Plant & Equipment

Recognition and measurement: Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditures directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.

**Depreciation & Amortization:** The Microfinance depreciates property, plant and equipment following Written Down Value method applying the Depreciation rates prescribed by Income Tax Act, 2058. The rates used for depreciation of assets for the current and comparative period of significant items of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Type of Asset	Depreciation Rate
Buildings	5%
Computer & Accessories	25%
Vehicles - Two-wheeler	20%
- Four-wheeler	20%
Furniture & Fixtures	25%
Equipment & Others - Equipment	25%
Other Assets	15%
Intangible Assets	Rate set, dividing the cost of the property by adjusting in the nearest half year of the fiscal year

The Microfinance adopts cost model for entire class of Property, Plant and Equipment. It has not measured any Property Plant and Equipment at revaluation model and at fair value. The items of Property, Plant and Equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation of newly acquired assets is charged based upon the date of invoice and assets having acquisition cost less than NPR. 1,000 have been written down as an expense for the period in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

## 5.6 Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair values of the identifiable net assets acquired in Business Combination is recognized as goodwill. Goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses/accumulated amortization. Goodwill is reviewed for impairment annually, or more frequently, if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

Intangible assets are recognized separately from goodwill when they are separable or arise from contractual or other legal rights, and their fair value can be measured reliably. These intangible assets are recognized at historical cost less impairment /amortization over their estimated useful life.

## 5.7 Tax Expenses

Tax expenses comprises of current tax and deferred tax.

## 5.7.1 Current Tax

Current tax is the income tax expense recognized in the statement of Profit or Loss, except to the extent it relates to items recognized directly in equity or OCI in which case it is recognized in equity or in other comprehensive income. Current tax is the amounts expected or paid to Inland Revenue Department in respect of the current year, using the tax rates and tax laws enacted or substantively enacted on the reporting date and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of prior years.

## 5.7.2 Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the balance sheet and the amounts attributed to such assets and liabilities for tax purposes. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax is calculated using the tax rates expected to apply in the periods in which the assets will be realized or the liabilities settled, based on tax rates and laws enacted, or substantively enacted, by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they arise in the same tax reporting group and relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority, and when the group has a legal right to offset.

## 5.8 Deposits from Members

Deposits from members and public depositors are initially recognized at fair value, plus for those financial liabilities not at fair value through profit and loss. The transaction price is considered as the fair value for measuring the deposits.

## 5.9 Provisions, Liabilities and Contingent Liabilities

A provision is recognized, if as a result of a past event, the Microfinance has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. The amount recognized is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation at that date. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate and are reversed if there is no probability of outflow of resources.

During the quarter under review, the microfinance has filed a lawsuit against its three staffs in Janakpur High Court through Government Attorney Office under Banking Offence and Punishment Act. For the related case of embazzlement, a provision of NPR. 15,415,147.00 has been made.

## 5.10' Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to Microfinance and the consideration can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria shall also be met for revenue recognition.

#### 5.10.1 Interest Income

For all financial instruments measured at amortized cost, interest bearing financial assets classified as available-for-sale and financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss, interest income or expense is recorded using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. The calculation of effective interest rate includes all charges and fee paid or received that are integral part of the effective interest only if considered material. Such a charges are not amortized over the life of the loan and advances as the income so recognized closely approximates the income that would have derived under effective interest method and are recognized directly in statement of profit and loss.

## 5.10.2 Fees and Comssion Income

Fees and commissions are generally recognized on an accrual basis when the service has been provided.

#### 5.10.3 Dividend Income

Dividend income received from equity shares is recognized in the books when the right to receive the dividend is established.

#### 5.11 Interest Expenses

Interest expense on all financial liabilities including deposits is recognized in statement of profit or loss using effective interest rate method. The Microfinance uses ASB carve- outs and treat coupon rate as effective interest rate.

#### 5.12 Employees Benefits

Employee benefits include all forms of consideration given by an entity in exchange for service rendered by employees for the termination of employment.

#### **Defined Contribution Plan**

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay a further amount. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as expense in the profit or loss as and when they are due. The Microfinance operates a defined contribution plans as provident fund contribution of its employees and defined benefit plans for the Gratuity and leave payment requirement under its staff rules.

#### **Defined Benefits Plan**

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan.

Gratuity and Leave Benefits are Defined Benefit Plans. The Entity annually measures the value of the promised retirement benefits for gratuity, which is a Defined Benefit Plan. Actuarial Valuation of Defined Benefit Plan has been carried out as per the requirement of NAS 19 – Employee Benefits. Gain or loss arising as a result of changes in assumptions is recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI) in the period in which it arises.

## 5.13 Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is a lease, or it contains a lease, is based on the substance of the arrangement and requires an assessment of whether the fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

## Finance Leases

Agreements which transfer to counterparties substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of assets, but not necessarily legal title, are classified as finance lease.

However, the Microfinance doesn't hold any finance lease agreements.

## Operating Leases

Lease payments under an operating lease has been recognized as an expense on straight line basis over the lease term. Majority of the lease agreement entered into by the microfinance are within the clause of normal increment which the management assumes are in line with the expected inflationary cost. The microfinance operates its branches under operating lease agreement. The payments to the lesser are structured to increase in line with the general inflation rate to compensate for the lessors expected inflationary cost increment.

## 5.14 Share Capiral and Reserves

## 5.14.1 Share Capital

Financial instruments issued are classified as equity when there is no contractual obligation to transfer cash, other financial assets or issue available number of own equity instruments. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as deduction net of taxes from the proceeds.

Dividends on ordinary shares classified as equity are recognized in equity in the period in which they are declared.

The shares issue expenses which can be avoided for the issue was charged in the year of issue directly through equity and disclosed in the statement of changes in equity. Tax impact is also disclosed.

## 5.14.2 Statutory General Reserves

20% of the net profit as stated in Bank and financial Institution Act, 2073 and 50% of additional amount of Cash Dividend and Bonus Shares if declared and distributed in excess of 20% as provisioned in Circular GHA/1/078/79 of NRB Dated 2078/04/11 is set aside to the general reserve.

## 5.14.3 Corporate Social Responsibility Fund

1% of net profit is set aside in the fund as per the NRB Directives for the purpose of corporate social responsibility.

## 5.14.4 Employee Training Fund

The fund is created for the purpose of employee training. As per the directives to microfinance by NRB, the microfinance needs to spend at least 3% of last fiscal year's total personnel expenses for the development and trainings of the employees. Further if the microfinance couldn't spend up to the limit of 3%, the shortfall amount shall be transferred to the Employee Training Fund and shall be used for employee trainings in subsequent years.

#### 5.14.5 Investment Adjustment Fund

It is a reserve created on investment in equity instrument if the equity doesn't get listed in Security Market within 2 years as per the directives issued by NRB.

## 5.14.6 Regulatory Reserve

The amount that is allocated from profit or retained earnings of the microfinance to this reserve as per the directives of NRB for the purpose of implementation of NFRS and which shall not be regarded as free for distribution of dividend shall be presented under this reserve. The regulatory reserve of the microfinance includes the reserve net of tax and employee bonus created relating to accrued interest receivable as on Ashadh end 2078 not recovered. Reserve on deferred tax assets, non-banking assets, reduction in fair value of investment in equity below cost price, actuarial loss etc.

#### 5.14.7 Actuarial Gain/Loss Reserve

The amount that is allocated from profit or retained earnings of the microfinance both positive or negative to this reserve as per the directives of NRB for the purpose of implementation of NFRS and which shall not be regarded as free reserve for distribution of dividend are recorded in this reserve. The reserve includes actuarial gain/(loss) net of tax on defined benefit plan.

#### 5.14.8 Client protection fund

Client protection fund is created at 1% of net profit. In addition to this, 25% of dividend in excess of 20% is also allocated to this fund as per NRB Directives.

## 5.15 Earnings per Share (EPS) including diluted EPS

Microfinance presents basic and diluted Earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit and loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the microfinance by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting both the profit and loss attributable to the ordinary equity holders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

#### 5.16 Segment Reporting

The Microfinance's operating segments are organized and managed separately through the respective department/business managers according to the nature of products and services provided with each segment representing a strategic business unit. These business units are reviewed by Chief Executive Officer of the Microfinance.

The Microfinance has identified seven segments namely: Province 1, Madhesh Pradesh, Bagmati Province, Gandaki Province, Lumbini Province, Karnali Province and Far West Province as the seven operating segment and the segment report is set out in Notes 6.

Segment report include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. The income, expenses, assets & liabilities that cannot be allocated to aforesaid segment or those related to head office are unallocated and are included in Bagmati Province. The unallocated items generally comprise of head office assets, head office expenses, and tax assets and liabilities. The geographical segment has been identified on the basis of the location of the branches in 7 different provinces of the country.

## 5.17 Investment in Associates

For the purpose of consolidation, NAS 28 - Investments in Associates is applied. Associates are entities in which the Microfinance has significant influence, but not control, over the operating and financial policies. The Microfinance has investment in nature of Associates i.e., it holds more than 20%, but less than 50%, of their voting shares.

The microfinance's investments in associates are initially recorded at cost and increased (or decreased) each year by the entity's share of the post-acquisition profit/(loss). The entity ceases to recognize its share of the losses of equity accounted associates when its share of the net assets and amounts due from the entity have been written off in full, unless it has a contractual or constructive obligation to make good its share of the losses.

As per the directives (4)8/077 issued to microfinances by NRB, the microfinance has to dispose all the investment within 2 years of investment. As the Microfinance has planned to subsequently dispose the investment in the said entities which are normally to be considered as the associate the Microfinance has not followed the above-mentioned method and such investment are presented as Share Investment in the Statement of Financial position and dividend income if any is shown in Statement of Profit or Loss.

## 6 Segment Information

## A. Information about reportable segments

Segment Reporting is the reporting of the operating segment of the entity. A segment is reportable if: it has at least 10% of the revenues, or 10% of the profit or loss, or 10% of the combined assets of the entity.

Segment can be categorized either on the basis of geographical segment or business segment. The microfinance has categorized its segment on the basis of provinces i.e., geographical segment. Segment assets, segment liabilities, total revenue, total expenses and operating profit are disclosed. Branches of the microfinance are classified under the regional operating structure for monitoring and supervision. The disclosure has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of NFRS.

Amount ('000)

						Amount ( 000)
Parti	culars	Revenues from External Customers	Intersegment Revenues	Segment Profit/Loss Before Tax	Segment Assets	Segment Liabilities
	Corresponding					
Koshi Province	Previous Qtr.	450,400.18	2,955.46	134,615.30	5,427,600.71	5,074,335.37
	Current Qtr.	455,348.73	13,583.67	153,209.93	5,416,397.44	5,276,771.17
	Corresponding					
Madhesh Province	Previous Qtr.	834,864.63	1,752.98	325,799.08	9,728,235.56	8,867,355.54
	Current Qtr.	788,496.88	6,957.39	372,865.72	9,218,690.42	8,852,782.09
	Corresponding					
<b>Bagmati Province</b>	Previous Qtr.	543,315.35	509,897.00	487,591.52	12,069,193.74	8,608,235.27
	Current Qtr.	660,452.32	304,663.30	8,919.07	14,859,371.63	9,687,541.77
	Corresponding					
Gandaki Province	Previous Qtr.	275,647.94	23,718.30	132,639.34	3,309,640.92	3,027,012.59
	Current Qtr.	271,796.20	34,571.33	151,368.42	3,201,002.93	3,084,205.83
	Corresponding					
Lumbini Province	Previous Qtr.	627,468.87	32,291.20	285,082.47	7,671,355.75	7,016,548.07
	Current Qtr.	599,109.64	71,474.82	320,157.76	7,070,036.76	6,821,353.83
	Corresponding					
Karnali Province	Previous Qtr.	154,209.68	5,942.29	55,361.34	1,891,547.57	1,761,598.83
	Current Qtr.	164,027.79	9,994.06	57,183.95	1,858,716.08	1,811,526.19
Sudur-Paschim	Corresponding					
Province	Previous Qtr.	227,657.36	5,024.62	60,523.71	2,906,488.92	2,771,404.84
Frovince	Current Qtr.	243,183.88	12,898.86	82,859.60	3,117,643.79	3,047,683.05
	Corresponding					
Total	Previous Qtr.	3,113,564.01	581,581.85	1,481,612.76	43,004,063.17	37,126,490.51
	Current Qtr.	3,182,415.44	454,143.43	1,146,564.46	44,741,859.04	38,581,863.92

- a) Revenue from external customer includes the total interest revenue and non-interest revenue.
- b) Intersegment revenue includes revenue from transactions with other operating segments of the microfinance.
- c) Segment Assets and Liabilities includes the assets and liabilities identifiable to a particular segment.
- d) The result reported include the items directly attributable to a segment.

## B. Reconciliaition of Reportable segment profit or Loss

	Amount	(000')	
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Particulars	Corresponding Previous Qtr.	Current Qtr.
Total profit before tax for reportable segments	1,481,612.76	1,146,564.46
Profit before tax for other segments	-	-
Elimination of inter-segment profit	(581,581.84)	(454,143.43)
Elimination of discontinued operation	-	-
Unallocated amounts:	-	-
<ul> <li>Other corporate expenses (Employee Bonus Provision)</li> </ul>	(92,959.11)	(69,242.10)
Profit before tax	807,071.81	623,178.93

## 7 Related Party Disclosure

The microfinance has carried out transactions in ordinary course of business on an arm's length basis at commercial rates with the parties as per Nepal Accounting Standard (NAS 24- Related Party Disclosure), except for the transactions that are key managerial personnel have availed under schemes uniformly applicable to all the staffs at concessionery rates.

## Parents and unlimate controlling parties

The microfinance doesn't have an identifiable parents of its own.

## Transactions with Key Managerial Personnel

As per NAS-24 Related Party Disclosure, key managerial personnel are defined as those person having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity.

Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer of the microfinance are considered as key managerial personnel of the microfinance.

## Compensation of Key Managerial Personnels

Compensation of Board of Directors

Particulars	Amount (NPR)
Meeting Fees Paid	536,000.00
Telephone/Newspaper/Transportation/Daily Allowance etc.	564,975.00
Taining Expense	-
Total	1,100,975.00

## **Compensation of Chief Executive Officer**

Particulars	Amount (NPR)
Short Term Employee Benefits	1,440,000.00
Employee Bonus	796,724.52
Festival Allowance	240,000.00
Total	2,476,724,52

In addition to above, the Microfinance also provide other facilities like telephone, Medical Insurance, Accidental Insurance, Travelling Allowance as per the approved employee facilities of the Microfinance to the Chief Executive Officer.

## 8 Dividend Paid

The microfinance has declared 5.00% Stock Dividend and 10.00% Cash Dividend out of profits of F/Y 2079-80 during current period.

## 9 Issue, Purchase, and Repayment of debt and equity Securities

None.

## 10 Events after interim Period

There are no material events after the reporting date affecting financial status of the Microfinance.

## 11 Effect of changes in the composition of the entity during the interim period including merger & Acquisition

No such events occurred.